## Medical Assistant and Clinic Training LABORATORY SPECIMEN COLLECTION, HANDLING & TRANSPORT



## Purpose

This presentation is to train basic expectations and skills of specimen collection, handling and packaging.





#### Specimen testing is simple and straight forward. **Right**?

Is this enough specimen for all the Does it really matter?

tests ordered?

Can the blue top test be sent if it's Can I pour a little of this blood in

Does this test have to go in Should I refrigerate the specimen

before or after I centrifuge? How long do I centrifuge a specimen?

> If the courier is coming now, do I have to spin the specimens before they leave?



#### Overview

Following Intermountain standards will ensure we reach extraordinary care.

#### I. Phlebotomy

- Patient Safety, Patient Care
- Collecting a good specimen
- Specimen Labeling

#### **II.** Specimen Handling

- Verifying required information
- Basic specimen processing

#### **III.** Packaging & Transportation

- Proper Packaging
- Routes of Couriers





#### Phlebotomy

#### The puncture or incision of the vein in order to withdraw blood for analysis



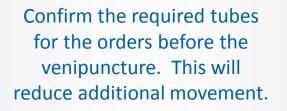
## **Patient Safety and Care**

Help keep patients safe and get them the care they need by guaranteeing their specimens are collected and labeled correctly.



Verify the patient information is correct on the labels and orders







Locate a vein away from major nerves that has good pressure and is secure





# **Patient Safety and Care**

Following best practice reduces errors

#### Always label specimens in the presence of the patient

#### AND

have them verify the information is correct.



# **Collecting a Good Specimen**

Proper technique will ensure quality of the sample and reduce errors.



Always follow order of draw to avoid cross-contamination of additives and ensure accuracy of test results.

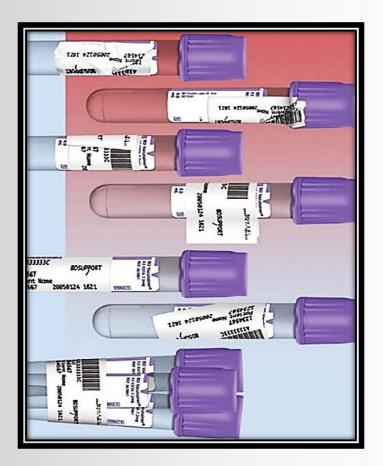


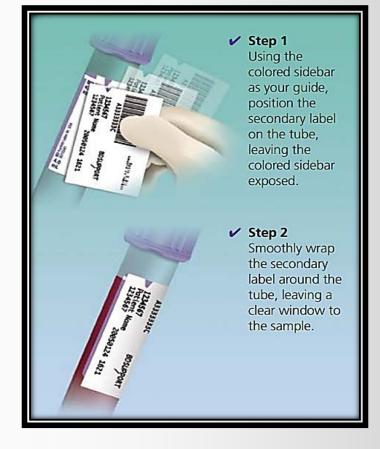
Invert every tube 8-10 times immediately after collection to thoroughly mix additives.



## **Specimen Labeling**

Healthcare





Improper labeling will drastically delay testing and increases mislabels and testing errors.



## **Specimen Labeling**

Whether the label is hand written or preprinted, **EVERY** label needs to have the full name, DOB, collection date, time and initials.

Swabs and fluids must also have site/source listed





## Specimen Handling

Processes reflecting best practice for collecting, preserving, and transporting specimens while maintaining stability to provide accurate and precise results



## Results are only as good as the sample received.





The better we collect, process and record information the first time, the more accurate the result.





# **Verify Required Information**

#### Every specimen MUST have:

- First and Last name
- Date of Birth (DOB)
- Collection Date, Time, Initials
- Source/site of specimen (any specimen other than blood)

#### Every requisition **MUST** have:

- First and Last name
- DOB
- Numerical ID number (billing, address, phone no., SS, hospital number)
- Insurance information
- Ordering physician
- DX (diagnosis)
- Orders acceptable for dx
- Source/site of specimen (any specimen other than blood)











Never refrigerate samples before centrifuging

Samples must be centrifuged within **30** minutes of collection Ensure the correct speed and time are set





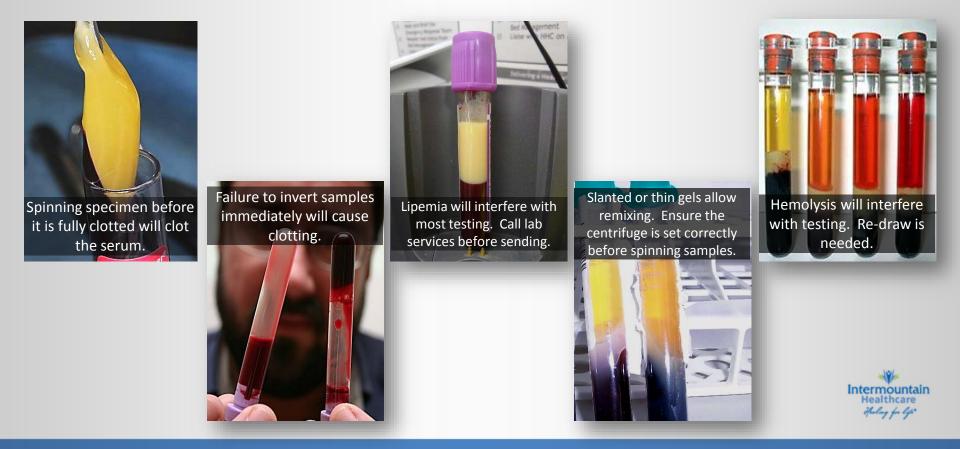


Invert the tube 8-10 times

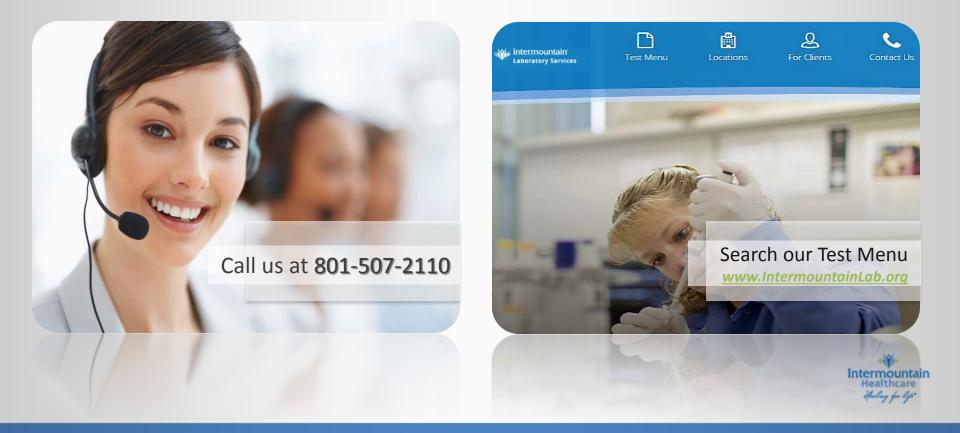
Allow to fully clot (about 10 minutes) Serum specimens only Centrifuge according to device/sample requirements

Ready for transportation & analysis

It's important to **recognize** and **recollect** problem samples at the point of collection. This allow us to get results back faster so you can treat patients



Different testing will have different requirements for temperature, specimen handling and shipping. To reduce errors, please verify specimen handling. You may call or go online.





## Packaging & Transportation

Packaging and transport should occur in a timely manner, under the environmental conditions that will not compromise specimen integrity



# **Proper Packaging**

#### Patient safety during shipping begins with correct packaging



Place specimen inside bag and seal



Place any paper work in the outside sleeve of the bag

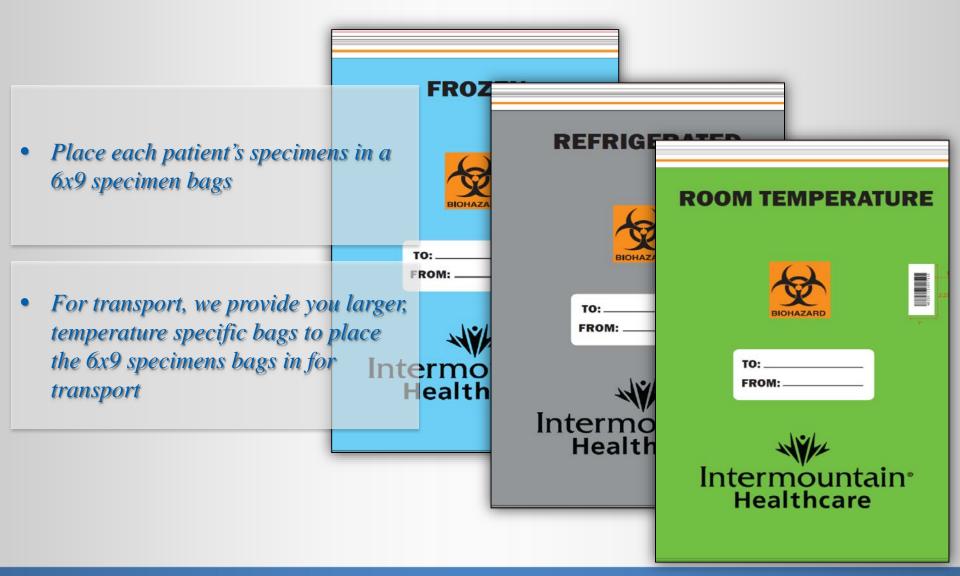


Mark the destination and transport temperature on the bag

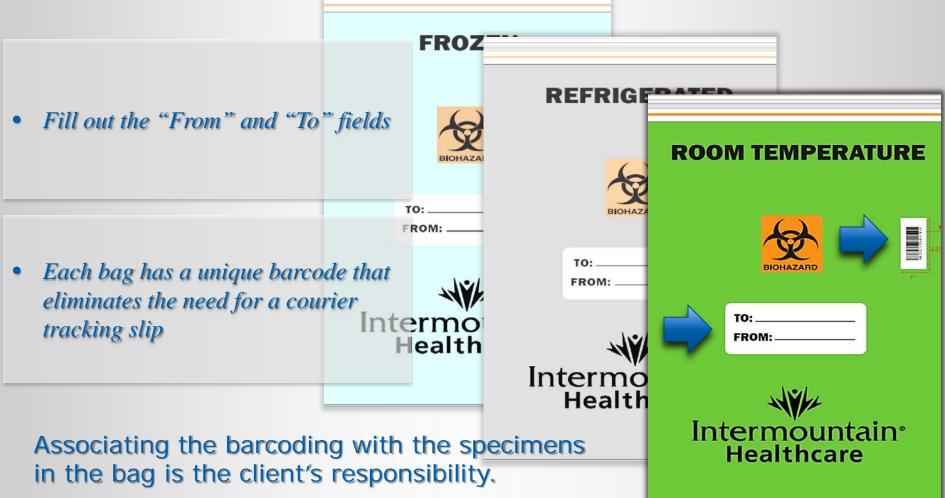
# One Patient, One Requisition, One Bag



# **Temperature Specific Specimen Bags**



# Temperature Specific Specimen Bags



#### **Routes of Couriers**

Each courier has multiple pick up and drop off locations.

*Couriers stop at multiple hospital departments and clinics along their route.* 

**DO NOT** rush samples to meet the courier. Ensure every specimen is allowed full spin time, preparation and proper packaging.

**DO NOT** delay proper specimen handling and assume specimens are going directly to the desired location. It may be several hours before the packed specimens get to their intended location.

Always process specimens as soon as possible.





# Remember...



- ✓ All specimens and requisitions must have two identifiers, date, time, initials and source.
- Always use the correct order of draw and invert specimens when collecting.
- ✓ Never refrigerate separator tubes before centrifuging.
- Never rush samples to meet the courier or delay the processing of a sample.
- Evaluate the specimen for errors that may require recollection. Call Laboratory Client Services for verification and recollect if needed.
- ✓ Always package one patient per specimen bag.



For testing or transportation questions, please contact your Account Executive or Laboratory Client Services

Who is my Account Executive?

Client Services Phone: (801) 507-2110 Fax: (801) 507-2315

Courier Services Phone: (801) 442-4090

Together, we can provide extraordinary care!

