CHEMISTRY CRITICAL VALUES

| | | POSSIBLE | | POSSIBLE EFFECT |
|--|--|---|--|---|
| TEST | LOW | EFFECT | HIGH | |
| 24 hour Urine Protein for O.B. | | | >300mg/24hr | Pre-eclampsia |
| Bicarbonate (Serum) | <10 MEG/L | Complex interwoven pattern of acidosis, alkalosis and anoxemia | >40 MEG/L | Complex interwoven pattern of acidosis, alkalosis and anoxemia |
| Bilirubin, Neonatal | | | \geq 15 mg/dl | |
| Calcium | <6 mg/dL | Tetany and convulsions | >14 mg/dL Newborn (0-3 mos.) >12 mg/dL | Coma |
| Ionized Calcium | <0.75 mmol/L | | >1.57 mmol/L | |
| Glucose | <40 mg/dL (0-3 months) <54 mg/dL | Brain damage | >200 mg/dL Newborn (0-3 mos.) >500 mg/dL | Diabetic coma |
| Magnesium | <1 mg/dL | Tetany | >5 mg/dL | Increase in atrioventricular conduction |
| Phosphorus | <1.0 mg/dl | Coma | > 9.0 mg/dl | Tetany and convulsions |
| Potassium | <2.5 mEq/L | Muscle weakness, paralysis, cardiac arrhythmia's | >6.5 mEq/L Newborn (0-3 mos.) >7 mEq/L | Cardiotoxicity with arrhythmia's |
| Sodium | <120 mEq/L | Dehydration and vascular collapse | >160 mEq/L | Edema, hypervolemia, heart failure |
| pH (arterial capillary) | <7.2 | Severe acidosis, life threatening | >7.6 | Severe alkalosis, life threatening |
| p02 (arterial or capillary) | <40 mmHg | Complex interwoven pattern of acidosis, alkalosis, and anoxemia | | |
| PCO2 (arterial or capillary) | <20 mmHg Newborn (0-3 mos.) <30 mmHg | Complex interwoven pattern of acidosis, alkalosis, and anoxemia | >70 mmHg | Complex interwoven pattern of acidosis, alkalosis, and anoxemia |
| Qualitative HCG on Trauma Patients | | | Positive Borderline | |
| Vitamin D | | | >150 ng/ml | |
| Lactic Acid | | | >= 4.0 ,mmol.L | |
| Troponin T | | | >50 ng/L | If none within the last 72 hrs |

THERAPEUTIC DRUG CRITICAL LEVELS

| TEST | LOW | POSSIBLE EFFECT | HIGH | POSSIBLE EFFECT |
|----------------------|-----|--------------------|---|---|
| Carbamezapine | | | >20 ug/mL | |
| Digoxin | | | >3.0 ng/mL | Gastrointestinal and CNS symptoms, disturbance of cardiac rhythm |
| Dilantin (Phenytoin) | | | >40 ug/mL | |
| Gentamicin trough | | | >2 ug/mL | Hypoventilation, ototoxicity, nephrotoxicity |
| Lithium | | | >2.0 mmol/L | |
| Phenobarbital | | | >50 ug/mL | nausea, vomiting, diplopia, dizziness, ataxia, lethargy, coma |
| Theophylline | | | >24 ug/mL (>31 days) >15 ug/mL (0-31 days) | Nausea, insomnia, nervousness, headaches, arrhythmia's, seizures |
| Valproic Acid | | | >150 ug/mL | |
| Vancomycin trough | | | >35 ug/mL | |
| Vancomycin peak | | | >50 ug/mL | |

TOXICOLOGY DRUG CRITICAL LEVELS

| | LOW | POSSIBLE EFFECT | HIGH | POSSIBLE EFFECT |
|---------------|-----|--------------------|------------|--|
| Acetaminophen | | | >150 ug/mL | (potentially toxic if >12 hours since ingestion) |
| Alcohol | | | >400 mg/dL | |
| Salicylate | | | >30 mg/dL | |

HEMATOLOGY CRITICAL LEVELS

| TEST | LOW | POSSIBLE EFFECT | HIGH | POSSIBLE EFFECT |
|----------------|--|----------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Hemoglobin | □6 gm ≤8 (0-31 days old) | Heart failure and anoxemia | $\Box_{20.0} \ge 24 (0-31)$ days old) | |
| Hematocrit | ≤ 18 $\leq 25 (0-31 \text{ days old})$ | | ≥70 (0-31 days old) | |
| Platelet Count | □20,000 | Hemorrhage | □1,000,000 | Hemorrhage, thrombosis |
| INR | | | □5.0 INR | Hemorrhage |
| PFA | | | ADP > 300 | Hemorrhage |

OTHER SIGNIFICANT RESULTS

| TEST | ACTION TAKEN |
|---|---|
| HIV from Source of Body/Blood fluid exposure | All are called to Deaconess Hospital Comp Center for DH/GWH exposures or to the phone number provided ASAP after screen results are obtained. |
| Hepatitis A Antibody | Positives are faxed to ordering physician and called to Infection Control (3449) on day shift Monday – Friday or to Vanderburgh County Health Department. |
| Hepatitis B Surface Antigen | Positives are faxed to the ordering physician Monday – Friday and are reported to Indiana State Department of Health (ISDH) weekly. |
| Hepatitis C Antibody | Positives are faxed to the ordering physician Monday – Friday and are reported to Indiana State Department of Health (ISDH) weekly. |
| HIV | Confirmed positives are faxed to ordering physician Monday – Friday and are reported to Indiana State Department of Health (ISDH) weekly. |
| BHCG (ER Trauma only) | Positives are called immediately to ER nurse. |
| WBC – (ED or OP once every 90 days) | Values ≤ 0.5 are called immediately to the ordering physician. |
| Absolute Neutrophil Counts (Evansville State Hospital) | Values ≤ 1.0 are called immediately to the State Hospital Laboratory personnel. |

Updated:12/2021