







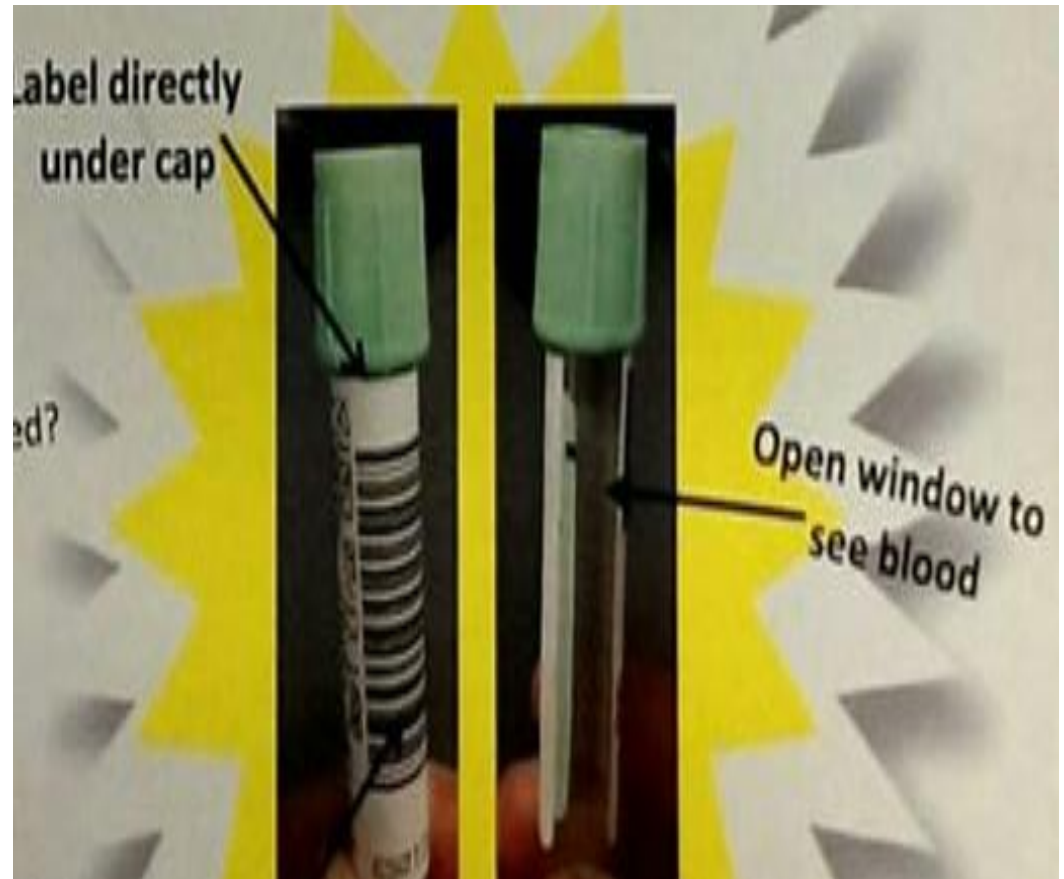


Common blood tests and corresponding collection container

Tests	Tubes
Metabolic Panels (Basic and Comprehensive) Lipid Panel, Liver Panel (LFT), Renal Panel, Hepatitis Tests, Mg/PO4, CK, HIV 1 and 2, Vitamin D, Vitamin B12, RPR, Prenatal tests	Serum Separator/Gold top 
CBC, Platelet, ESR, Manual Screen, HgbA1c or Glycohemoglobin, BNP, C3/C4, C4/C8	Lavender top 
PT/PTT, Thrombin, Fibrinogen	Blue top 
Troponin, Rapid Creatinine	Plasma Separator, Green Top 
Ammonia	Green Top on ice 
HIV and Hepatitis Viral Load, BNP	Pearl or PPT 
Lactic Acid	Gray on ice 
Blood Bank (Type and Rh, Antibody Screen, etc.)	Pink 

Order of Draw and Proper Labeling of blood specimen

Order of Draw:	
1	Blood Cultures
2	Light Blue
3	Gold
4	Red
5	Royal Blue
6	Green
7	Lavender
8	White
9	Pink
10	Tan
11	Gray
Thoroughly mix all specimens by inversion 8-10 times.	



Place label directly under the specimen cap. Label must be straight and not crooked. Leave a window to see level of blood in the container.

Labeling a “bullet” or microtainer tube

Partially affix the label on the tube as shown in the picture to make barcode scanning easier.

